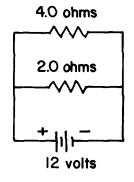
- 1. In a simple electric circuit, a 24-ohm resistor is connected across a 6.0-volt battery. What is the current in the circuit?
 - A) 0.25 A
- B) 1.0 A
- C) 4.0 A
- D) 140 A
- 2. In the circuit shown at the right, the potential difference across the 4.0-ohm resistor is



- A) 6.0 volts
- B) 2.0 volts
- C) 3.0 volts
- D) 12 volts
- 3. An electric circuit consists of a variable resistor connected to a source of constant potential difference. If the resistance of the resistor is doubled, the current through the resistor is
 - A) halved
- B) doubled
- C) quartered
- D) quadrupled
- 4. How much time is required for an operating 100-watt light bulb to dissipate 10 joules of electrical energy?
 - A) 1 s

B) 0.1 s

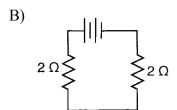
C) 10 s

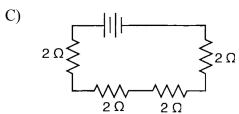
- D) 1000 s
- 5. A charge of 30. coulombs passes through a 24-ohm resistor in 6.0 seconds. What is the current through the resistor?
 - **A)** 5.0 **A** B) 7.5 A C) 1.3 A D) 4.0 A

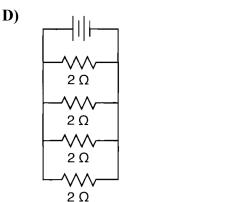
- 6. An electrical appliance draws 9.0 amperes of current when connected to a 120-volt source of potential difference. What is the total amount of power dissipated by this appliance?
 - A) 1100 W
- B) 130 W
- C) 110 W
- D) 13 W
- 7. A 20.-ohm resistor has 40. coulombs passing through it in 5.0 seconds. The potential difference across the resistor is
 - **A) 160 V** B) 200 V C) 8.0 V D) 100 V

8. Which circuit has the *smallest* equivalent resistance?

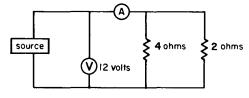
A) 2Ω







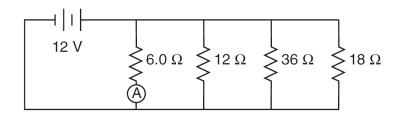
9. Base your answer to the following question on the diagram below which represents an electric circuit. The voltmeter, V, reads 12 volts.



Ammeter A should read

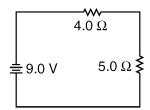
- A) 6 A
- B) 2 A
- C) 3 A
- D) 9 A
- 10. Charge flowing at the rate of 2.50×10^{16} elementary charges per second is equivalent to a current of
 - A) 2.50×10^{13} A
- B) 2.50×10^{-3} A
- C) 4.00×10^{-3} A
- D) $6.25 \times 10^5 \,\text{A}$

Base your answers to questions 11 and 12 on the diagram below, which represents an electric circuit consisting of four resistors and a 12-volt battery.



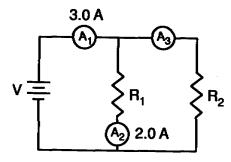
- 11How much power is dissipated in the 36-ohm resistor?
 - A) 48 W
- B) 4.0 W
- C) 3.0 W
- D) 110 W

- 12.What is the current measured by ammeter *A*?
 - A) 2.0 A
- B) 72 A
- C) 0.50 A
- D) 4.0 A
- 13. A 9.0-volt battery is connected to a 4.0-ohm resistor and a 5.0-ohm resistor as shown in the diagram below.



What is the current in the 5.0-ohm resistor?

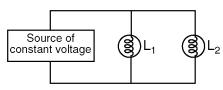
- A) 4.0 A B) 1.8 A C) 1.0 A D) 2.3 A
- 14. Ammeters A₁, A₂ and A₃ are placed in a circuit as shown below.



What is the reading on ammeter A_3 ?

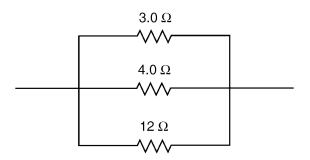
A) 1.0 **A** B) 2.0 A C) 3.0 A D) 5.0 A

15. In the diagram below, lamps L_1 and L_2 are connected to a constant voltage power supply.



If lamp L_1 burns out, the brightness of L_2 will

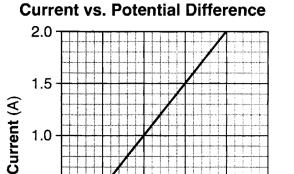
- A) remain the same
- B) increase
- C) decrease
- 16. The diagram below represents part of an electric circuit containing three resistors.



What is the equivalent resistance of this part of the circuit?

- A) 1.5 Ω
- B) $0.67~\Omega$
- C) 6.3 Ω
- D) 19 Ω

17. The graph below represents the relationship between the 19. Base your answer to the following question on the current in a metallic conductor and the potential difference across the conductor at constant temperature.



The resistance of the conductor is

1.0

A) 2.0 Ψ

0.5

0

B) 0.50 Ψ

3.0

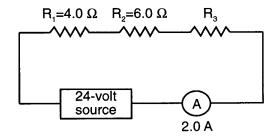
5.0

4.0

- C) 1.0Ψ
- D) 4.0 Ψ
- 18. The diagram below shows a circuit with three resistors.

2.0

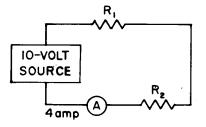
Potential Difference (V)



What is the resistance of resistor R_3 ?

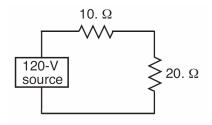
- A) 6.0Ω **B)** 2.0Ω C) 12Ω D) 4.0Ω

circuit diagram below.



The voltage drop at R_1 will be

- A) 20 volts
- B) less than 10 volts
- C) 10 volts
- D) more than 20 volts
- 20. The diagram below represents a circuit consisting of two resistors connected to a source of potential difference.



What is the current through the 20.-ohm resistor?

- A) 0.25 A
- B) 6.0 A
- C) 12 A
- D) 4.0 A

Answer Key Gen Electricity Review

- 1. **A**
- 2. **D**
- 3. **A**
- 4. **B**
- 5. **A**
- 6. **A**
- 7. **A**
- 8. **D**
- 9. **D**
- 10. <u>C</u>
- 11. **B**
- 12. **A**
- 13. <u>C</u>
- 14. **A**
- 15. **A**
- 16. **A**
- 17. **A**
- 18. **B**
- 19. **B**
- 20. **D**